### Report of the Auditors

ZCHJBZ (2023) 10204

To: The Board of Directors of Suzlon Wind Energy Equipment Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd

### I. Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Suzlon Wind Energy Equipment Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.including Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2022, and the Statement of Income, Cash Flows and Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the financial position of the Companyas of December 31, 2022 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with the requirements of Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises.

### I. Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards for Chinese Certified Public Accountants. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. According to the CPA professional ethical code, we are independent oftheCompany and comply with all other professional ethical requirements. We believe the audit evidences we have obtained are sufficient and appropriate and provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

### II. Management's and Governance's Responsibility for the financial statements

The management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of *Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises*. and designing, implementing and maintaining necessary internal control so that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and applying going concern basis of accounting unless the management plans to liquidatetheCompany, to cease operations or have no other realistic alternatives but to do so.

The governance is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process oftheCompany.

### III. Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Chinese Certified Public Accountants Standards of Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional suspicion throughout the audit. We also:

- 1) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- 3) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- 4) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting. Meantime, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The English report and its appendices are for reference only, if there is any discrepancy, its official interpretation will be based on its Chinese version.

Shanghai Zhong Chuang Hai Jia Certified Public Accountants Co., Ltd.

Shanghai, the People's Republic of China

Date: March 26, 2023

### **BALANCE SHEET**

December 31, 2022

Q.C. Schedule 01

Unit: RMB

Enterprise's Name: Suzlon Wind Energy Equipment Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

					Unit: RM
Assets	Ending Balance	Beginning Balance	, , , , , , ,		Beginning Balance
Current assets:			Current liabilities:		
Monetary funds	186,185.16	204,729,44	Short-term loan		
Financial assets measured at fair value and recognized in current profit and loss			Financial liabilities measured at fair value and recognized in current profit and loss		
Derivative financial assets			Derivative financial liabilities		
Notes receivable			Notes payable		
Accounts receivable	1,977,680.08	1,758,794.03	Accounts payable	1,148,643.66	1,148,643.6
Advances to suppliers	276,675.82	275,802.58	Advances from customers		
Other receivables	94,670.44	98,358.94	Payroll & benefits payable	131,092.46	120,527.7
Including: Dividends receivable			Taxes and dues payable	65,889.10	27,880.8
Inventories			Other payables	159,541.03	159,639.83
Asset available for sale			Including: Dividends payable	,,	100,000.0.
Non-current assets within one year			Liabilities available as sale		4
Other current assets			Non-current liabilities within one year		
Total current assets	2,535,211.50	2,337,684.99	Other current liabilities		
Non-current assets:			Total current liabilities	1 505 166 25	4 450 000 0
Financial assets available for sale			Non-current liabilities:	1,505,166.25	1,456,692.07
Held-to-maturity investment			Long-term loans		
Long-term receivables			Debentures payable		
Long-term investment on stocks			Including: Preferred Stock		
Investment real estates			Perpetual debt		
Fixed assets	5,333.46	215.74			
Including: Original value	134,003.84	128,518.00	Long-term accounts payable		
Accumulated depreciation	10.000.0000000		Foreseeable liabilities		
Accumulated impairment provision	128,670.38	128,302.26	Deferred income		
			Deferred income tax liabilities		
Construction in-process			Other non-current liabilities		
Capitalized biological assets			Total non-current liabilities		
Oil and gas assets			Total liabilities	1,505,166.25	1,456,692.07
Intangible Assets			Owner's equity (or shareholders'equity):		
Development expenditure			Pald-in capital (Share capital)	14,893,981.11	14,893,981.11
Goodwill			Other equity instruments		
Long-term deferred expenses		1,088.69	Including: Preferred Stock		
Deferred income tax assets			Perpetual debt		
Other non-current assets			Capital reserve		
Total non-current assets	5,333.46	1,304.43	Less: treasury stock		
			Other comprehensive income		
			Special Reserves		
			Surplus Reserves		- t
			Undistributed profit	-13,858,602.40	-14,011,683.76
			Owners'(shareholder's) equity subtotal	1,035,378.71	882,297.35
Total Assets	2,540,544.96	2,338,989.42	Total liabilities & owners' (shareholder's) equity	2,540,544.96	2,338,989.42

### **Income Statement**

Year 2022

Q,C. Schedule 02

Unit: RMB Enterprise's Name: Suzlon Wind Energy Equipment Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Amount of Amount of Item **Current Year** Prior Year 2,613,495.88 2,877,780.66 I . Revenues from operations Less: Cost of operations 9,177.07 20,992.95 Tax and levies 1,981,316.02 Selling Expenses 2,029,160.63 529,614,97 493,719,29 General & Administrative expenses Rearch and development expenses -74,306.44 157,535.92 Financial expenses Including: Interest expenses 527.23 477.68 Interest income 2,841.25 497.50 Add: Other incomes Investment income (mark "-" referred to as loss) Including: Income from investment in jointly managed enterprises and joint enterprised Gain from fair value fluctuation (mark "-" referred to as loss) Impairment loss of assets (mark "-" referred to as loss) Gain from disposal of assets (mark"-" means loss) 191,162.05 156,242.83 II .Operating profit (mark"-" referred to as loss) Add: Non-operating income 921.98 462.82 Less: Non-operating expenses III. Profit / loss before tax(mark "-" referred to as total loss) 157,164.81 191,624.87 Less: Income tax expenses 4,083.45 -112.95 191,737.82 153,081.36 IV. Net profit / loss (mark "-" referred to as net loss) (1) Net profit from continuing operations (mark "-" referred to as net loss) (2) Net profit from discontinued operations (mark "-" referred to as net loss) V. Aftertax net amount of other comprehensive income (1)Other comprehensive income that can not be reclassified into profit and loss 1. Changes resulting from the re-measurement of the defined benefit plan 2. Other comprehensive income that cannot be reclassified into the profit and loss under the equity method (2) Other comprehensive income that will be reclassified into profit and loss 1. Other comprehensive income that can be reclassified into the profit and loss under the equity method 2. Profit and loss from changes in fair value of financial assets available for sale 3. Profit and loss of Held-to-maturity investments reclassified as financial assets available for sale 4. Cash flow reserve (effective part in the gains or losses on cash flow hedging) 5. Translation differences in currency financial statements 191,737,82 153,081.36 VI. Accumulated Comprehensive income VII. Earnings per share: (1) Basic earnings per share

(2) Diluted earnings per share

### **Cash Flow Statement**

Year 2022

Q.C. Schedule 03

Enterprise's Name: Su	uzlon Wind Energy Equipme	ent Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Unit: RMB

Enterprise's Name. Suzion wind Energy Equipment Trading (Snanghai) Co., Ltd.		Unit: RM
ltem	Amount of Current Year	Amount of Prior Year
I . Cash flows from operating activities:		According to the
Cash received from sale of goods or rendering of service	2,494,180.10	3,360,280.2
Refund of tax and levies	-	
Other cash received relating to operating activities	2,882.28	3,975.1
Sub-total of operating activities cash inflows	2,497,062.38	3,364,255.3
Cash paid for goods and service		
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees	1,952,175.27	1,824,525.5
Payment of all types of tax and expenses	123,703.94	206,064.1
Other cash paid relating to operating activities	434,241.61	1,191,020.4
Sub-total of operating activities cash outflows	2,510,120.82	3,221,610.1
Net cash flows from operating activities	-13,058.44	142,645.27
II.Cash flows from investing activities:		
Cash received from investment		
Cash received from returns on investment		
Net Cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		
Net cash received from disposal of sub-company and other operating enterprises		
Other cash received relating to investing activities		
Sub-total of cash inflows relating to investing activities	-	
Cash paid to acquire fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	5,485.84	
Cash paid to acquire investments		
Net cash paid for acquisition of subsidiaries and other business units		
Other cash paid relating to investing activities		
Sub-total of cash outflows of investment activities	5,485.84	
Net cash flows from investment activities	-5,485.84	
II.Cash flow from financing activities:	3,330	
Cash received from capital contribution		
Cash received from borrowings		
Other cash received relating to financing activities		
Sub-total of cash inflows from financing activities		12
Cash repayment of amounts borrowed		
Cash payment for interest expenses and distribution of dividend or profit		
Other cash payment relating to financing activites		
Sub-total of cash outflow of financing activities		
Net cash flow from financing activities		
/. Influence of foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	-	(v=1)
. Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	49.544.00	
Add: balance of cash and cash equivalent at period beginning	-18,544.28	142,645.27
I. Balance of cash and cash equivalent at period end	186,185.16	62,084.17

## Statement of Changes in Owners' Equity

Q.C. Schedule 04

Year 2022

					Ar	Amount of Current Year	ar				
Item	Paid-In capital	Othe	Other equity instruments		Control of the Contro	Less: treasury	Other	0	0	Undistributed	Total owners'
	(or share capital)	Preferred Stock	Perpetual debt	Others	Capital Inserve	stock	income	opecial neserves	andina veseives	profit	equity
. Closing balance of last year	14,893,981.11	•	•					•		-14,011,683.76	882,297.35
Plus: Changes of accounting policies											
Error correction in previous period											
Others											
II. Beginning balance of this year	14,893,981.11		•		•	•	•	•	•	-14,011,683.76	882,297.35
III. Change of current year (mark "-" referred to as decrease)		•	•				•			153,081.36	153,081.36
1) Total Amount of consolidated income										153,081.36	153,081.36
2) Capital invested and decreased by owners											
1. Common shares invested by the owner											
2. Capital invested by the holders of other equity instruments											•
3. Amount of share recorded in owners' equity											•
4. Others											
3) Profit distribution											
1. Withdrawal of surplus reserves											
2 Distribution of owners (or shareholders)											•
3. Others											
4) internal transfer of owner's equily	•	٠			•		•4	•	•		•
1. Capital reserves transferred to capital (or share capital)											
2. Surplus reserves transferred to capital (or share capital)											
3. Loss covered by surplus reserves											
4. Retained earnings carried forward from the changes resulting from the defined benefit plan								TO THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS			
5. Others											
W. Closino balance of current year	14 893 981 11	•		á	- 1					12 BES E03 AO	1 035 378 74

# Statement of Changes in Owners' Equity (Continued)

Year 2022

Q.C. Schedule 04 Unit: RMB

Enterprise's Name: Suzion Wind Energy Equipment Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

191,737.82 690,559.53 191,737.82 882,297.35 690,559.53 Total owners' equity -14,203,421.58 -14,203,421.58 -14,011,683.76 191,737.82 191,737.82 Undistributed profit Special Reserves | Surplus Reserves Other comprehensive S income Amount of Prior Year Less: treasury stock Capital reserve Others Other equity instruments Preferred Stock Perpetual debt Paid-in capital (or share capital) 14,893,981.11 14,893,981.11 14,893,981.11 2. Capital invested by the holders of other equity instruments III. Change of current year (mark "-" referred to as decrease) 2. Surplus reserves transferred to capital (or share capital) . Capital reserves transferred to capital (or share capital) 4. Retained earnings carried forward from the changes resulting from the defined benefit plan 3. Amount of share recorded in owners' equity Error correction in previous period 2) Capital invested and decreased by owners Plus: Changes of accounting policies Common shares invested by the owner 2 Distribution of owners (or shareholders) 1) Total Amount of consolidated income 3. Loss covered by surplus reserves 4) Internal transfer of owner's equity Item N. Closing balance of current year II. Beginning balance of this year Withdrawal of surplus reserves I. Closing balance of last year 3) Profit distribution 4. Others 3. Others 5. Others

### Suzlon Wind Energy Equipment Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

### 2022 Taxable Income Calculator

Unit: RMB

			Unit: RME
	Adjustment item	Amount	Remarks
I Acc	ounting profits of the Year	157,164.81	
II Inc	rease in the Taxable Income due to Ad	justments	0
1	Accrued Combinedgeneral Insurance expenses	6,173.20	
2			
3			
4			
5			
	Total	6,173.20	
III De	crease in the Taxable Income due to A	djustments	
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6	*		
7			
	Total	•	
V Inc	ome after the Tax Adjustments	163,338.01	
.ess:	prior year deficiency		
Tax	able Income after Adjustments	163,338.01	
ote:			

Note:

The Taxable Income Adjustment Table only represents the opinions of the certified public account. The final taxable income of an enterprise is subject to the review of the concerned taxation administration.

Shanghai Zhongchuang & Haijia Certified Public Accountants Co., Ltd.

Chinese Certified Public Accountant:Xu Jin

Shanghai China

2023/3/26

## Suzion Wind Energy Equipment Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Notes to the 2022 Financial Statements

(All amounts expressed in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

### I Company Profile

Suzlon Wind Energy Equipment Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is a foreign-funded enterprise solely funded by Suzlon Energy Ltd incorporated on June 10, 2008. The uniform social credit code of the Company is 91310000674645534M. The registered capital of the Company is USD 2.22 million. Domicile of the Company: Room 18H, 1800 West Zhong Shan Road, Xuhui District, Shanghai. Legal representative: ABHINAV PRABHATKUMAR SHAH. The term of business of this Company is 30 years.

The Company's scope of business: Wholesale, import & export and commission agent services (except auction) of wind power generation units and parts (including turbine towers) as well as relevant services, and business consultation. (No goods under state-owned trade administration are included, and goods involving quota and license administration shall be applied for in accordance with relevant requirements of the state.) [Items that shall be approved according to law shall be operated only upon the approval by the competent authority].

### Il Statement of Compliance with the Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises

The financial statements prepared by the Company meet the requirements of the *Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises* and present truthfully and completely such information as the financial position, results of operations, cash flow, etc. of the Company.

### III Description of Significant Accounting Policies and Estimates

a) Accounting Standards Currently Applicable to the Company

The provisions of the Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises are implemented by the Company.

b) Fiscal year

The Company's accounting year starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

c) Recording currency

The Company takes Renminbi (RMB) as the functional currency.

d) Accounting basis and valuation principle

The Company carries out account treatment on an accrual basis and follows the effective cost principle.

e) Accounting treatment of foreign currency business and translation method

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into RMB amounts at the exchange rates (middle rates) promulgated by the People's Bank of China on the date of transaction. Foreign currency account balances as of the end of each term are translated into RMB at the exchange rates (middle rates) of that date, with differences stated as exchange gains/losses. Specifically, those incurred during the organization period of the Company are stated as long-term deferred and prepaid expenses; those related to the purchase of fixed assets are stated in accordance with the principle of capitalization.

### f) Receivables and Prepayments

The creditor's rights incurred in daily production and business operation activities shall include notes receivable, accounts receivable, dividends receivable, interest receivable, and other receivables, such as receivables and prepayments. Receivables and prepayments are recorded in the books at the amount incurred.

- 1. The Standards under Which Receivables and Prepayments are recognized as Bad Debts:
- (1) Debtors are declared bankrupt in accordance with the law, close down, are dissolved or revoked, or canceled in accordance with law, their business licenses are revoked or their liquidating property is insufficient to pay off debts.
- (2) Debtors die or are declared missing or dead in accordance with the law, or their property or legacy is insufficient to pay off debts.
- (3) Debtors fail to pay off their debts for more than 3 years from the deadline and there is conclusive evidence indicating that debtors are unable to pay off their debts.
- (4) Debts cannot be recovered because debtors make any arrangements with their creditors or a bankruptcy reorganization plan is approved by the court.
- (5) The debts cannot be recovered due to force majeure, such as natural disasters, wars, etc.
- (6) Such other conditions as defined by the financial and taxation authorities under the State Council.
- 2. Method for measurement of bad debts losses: the direct write-off method is used for measuring bad debts, of which the losses shall be included in non-operating expenses when they are actually incurred.
- g) Fixed assets
- (1) The term "fixed assets" means the tangible assets held for sale of goods, rendering of service or business management, with the service life of over 1 year and high unit value.
- (2) Measurement of fixed assets: a fixed asset is measured at the actual cost of acquisition.
- (3) Depreciation of fixed assets: fixed assets are depreciated by the straight-line method. See below for the depreciation rates determined according to the original price, estimated economic service life and estimated salvage value rate of fixed assets:

Asset category	Estimated service life	Estimated salvage value rate (%)	Annual depreciation rate (%)
Electronic and other equipment	3 years	-	33.33

### h) Long-term deferred expenses

A long-term deferred expense will be accounted for at the amount actually incurred, and be amortized evenly through the benefit period of the expense item. In case of no more use, the benefits of the future period shall be recorded once and for all into the current profits and losses.

### i) Principle for Recognition of Revenue

1. Sale of products: income from sale of products is recognized when the products are shipped and the payments therefor are received or the right to collect the payments is obtained.

2. Provision of labor services: for labor services started and completed within the same accounting year, the revenue from provision of labor services shall be recognized when a transaction concerning the provision of labor services is completed, payments therefor are received or the right to collect the payments is obtained. If the start and completion of labor services are divided into different accounting years, the revenue from providing labor services shall be recognized based on the progress of completion of a transaction concerning the provision of labor services.

### j) Accounting treatment of income tax

Accounting treatment of income tax: tax payable method, the income tax expenses of the current period shall be calculated and recognized according to the taxable income and applicable tax rate of the current period.

### **IV Taxes**

Tax	Tax base	Tax rate	Benchmark tax rate/ tax preference and relevant approvals
VAT	Taxable income	13%,6%	Benchmark tax rate
Urban maintenance and construction tax	Turnover tax	7%	Benchmark tax rate
Educational surcharges	Turnover tax	3%	Benchmark tax rate
Local educational surcharges	Turnover tax	2%	Benchmark tax rate
Enterprise income tax	Taxable income		Preferential income tax rate for small low profit enterprises of 2022

### V Notes to Financial Statement Items

### 1. Monetary funds

		Year end		Year beginning		
Item	Amount in original currency	Translation exchange rate	Equivalent to RMB	Amount in original currency	Translation exchange rate	Equivalent to RMB
Bank deposits			186,185.16			204,729.44
Including: RMB			179,211.51		****	146,562.08
USD	1,001.30	6.9646	6,973.65	9,123.29	6.3757	58,167.36
Total			186,185.16			204,729.44

### 2. Accounts receivable

### (1) By the Age structure

A 200	Yea	r end	Year be	eginning
Age	Book balance	Proportion of total amount (%)	Book balance	Proportion of total amount (%)
Less than 1 year (1 year inclusive)	1,966,607.55	99.44	1,747,721.50	99.37
1-2 years (2 years inclusive)	-	-	-	-
2-3 years (3 years inclusive)	-	-	-	-
More than 3 years	11,072.53	0.56	11,072.53	0.63
Total	1,977,680.08	100	1,758,794.03	100

### (2) Receivables of significant amount

Item	Closing book balance	Opening book balance
Suzlon Energy Ltd	1,966,607.55	1,747,721.50
Total	1,966,607.55	1,747,721.50

### 3. Other receivables

### (1) By the Age structure

7 <b>4</b> 1222	Yea	r end	Year be	eginning
Age	Book balance	Proportion of total amount (%)	Book balance	Proportion of total amount (%)
Less than 1 year (1 year inclusive)	47,642.50	50.32	18,331.00	18.64
1-2 years (2 years inclusive)	-	-	19,000.00	19.32
2-3 years (3 years inclusive)	19,000.00	20.07	-	-
More than 3 years	28,027.94	29.61	61,027.94	62.04
Total	94,670.44	100	98,358.94	100

### (2) Other receivables of significant amount

Item	Closing book balance	Opening book balance
House leasing security deposit	47,000.00	52,000.00
Total	47,000.00	52,000.00

### 4. Prepayments

### (1) Prepayments by aging structure

	Yea	r end	Year beginning	
Age	Book balance	Proportion of total amount (%)	Book balance	Proportion of total amount (%)
Less than 1 year (1 year inclusive)	276,675.82	100	275,802.58	100
Total	276,675.82	100	275,802.58	100

### (2) Prepayments of significant amount

Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Prepayment for school fee	267,500.00	267,500.00
Global CGL Policy fee to be amortized	-	6,173.20
Total	267,500.00	273,673.20

### 5. Fixed assets

Item	Year beginning	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	Year end
1.Total original value	128,518.00	5,485.84	-	134,003.84
Including: Electronic and other equipment	128,518.00	5,485.84	-	134,003.84
2.Total accumulated depreciation	128,302.26	368.12	-	128,670.38

Item	Year beginning	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	Year end
Including: Electronic and other equipment	128,302.26	368.12	-	128,670.38
3. Total book value of fixed assets	215.74			5,333.46

### 6. Long-term deferred expenses

Item	Year beginning	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	Year end
1.Original costs	8,431.27		- [	8,431.27
Including: Office renovation	8,431.27	-	-	8,431.27
2.Accumulated amortization	7,342.58	1,088.69	-	8,431.27
Including: Office renovation	7,342.58	1,088.69	-	8,431.27
3.Amortized value	1,088.69			-

### 7. Accounts payable

### (1) By the Age structure

Q	Yea	r end	Year beginning	
Age	Amount	Proportion of total amount (%)	Amount	Proportion of total amount (%)
More than 3 years	1,148,643.66	100	1,148,643.66	100
Total	1,148,643.66	100	1,148,643.66	100

### (2) Payables of significant amount

Item	Closing book balance	Opening book balance	
SETL	1,148,643.66	1,148,643.66	
Total	1,148,643.66	1,148,643,66	

### 8. Payroll & benefits payable

Item	Year end	Year beginning
Staff Salary & Bonus	131,092.46	120,527.77
Total	131,092.46	120,527.77

### 9. Taxes and dues payable

Tax	Year end	Year beginning
VAT	56,276.16	19,123.40
Enterprise income tax	1,071.40	2,518.90
Urban maintenance and construction tax	2,004.44	1,338.64
Individual income tax	5,001.02	3,832.51
Educational surcharges	1,431.73	956.17
Stamp duty	104.35	111.19
Total	65,889.10	27,880.81

### 10. Other payables

Item	Closing book balance	Opening book balance	
Total Other payables	159,541.03	159,639.83	
Mainly: Insurance fees payable	142,285.33	142,285.33	

### 11. Paid-in capital

Investor's	Year begi	Year beginning				Decrease in the current year	Year end	
name	Investment amount	Proportion (%)	the current year	Investment amount	Proportion (%)			
Suzion Energy Ltd	14,893,981.11 (USD 2,220,000)	100	-	-	14,893,981.11 (USD 2,220,000)	100		
Total	14,893,981.11 (USD 2,220,000)	100	-	-	14,893,981.11 (USD 2,220,000)	100		

### 12. Undistributed profits

Item	Current period	Prior period
Balance at the beginning of the current year	-14,011,683.76	-14,197,928.63
Increase in the current year	153,081.36	186,244.87
Including: transfer-in from the current year net profits	153,081.36	186,244.87
Decrease in the current year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	-13,858,602.40	-14,011,683.76

### 13. Operating revenues and Operating cost

Item	Current p	eriod	Prior period	
nem	Income	Cost	Income	Cost
Main operating income	2,613,495.88	-	2,877,780.66	-
Including: Consulting service income	2,613,495.88	-	2,877,780.66	-

### 14. Selling expenses

Item	Current period	Prior period
Total Selling expenses	2,029,160.63	1,981,316.02
Mainly: Salaries and social insurance premiums	1,424,675.27	1,293,843.53
Child School fee for foreigners	527,500.00	527,500.00
Traveling expenses	12,197.07	41,730.37
Insurance expenses	22,886.96	23,294.83
Communication expenses	33,042.05	41,107.20

### 15. Administrative expenses

Item	Current period	Prior period
Total Administrative expenses	493,719.29	529,614.97
Mainly: Rents	406,092.50	440,850.00

Item	Current period	Prior period
Property charges	24,481.58	24,106.20
Communication expenses	1,346.70	1,162.99
Depreciation expenses	1,456.82	1,106.99
Long-term deferred amortization expenses	2,350.00	2,178.12

### 16. Financial expenses

ltem	Current period	Prior period
Total Financial expenses	-74, 306. 44	157, 535. 92
Including: Net interest expenses	-527. 23	-477. 68
Net exchange gains or losses	-75, 391. 76	144, 457. 67
Handling charges	1, 612. 55	13, 555. 93

### 17. Other incomes

Item	Current period	Prior period
Refund of individual income tax handling charges	497. 50	2, 841. 25
Total	497.50	2, 841. 25

### 18. Non-operating revenue

Item	Current period	Prior period
Added input tax deduction	921. 98	462. 82
Total	921. 98	462. 82

### 19. Income tax expenses

Item	Current period	Prior period
Income tax expenses	4, 083. 45	-112. 95
Including: income tax of the current period	4, 083. 45	5, 380. 00

### **VI Contingencies**

### 1. Related parties with control relationship

Name of company	Place of incorporation	Relationship	Economic type
Suzlon Energy Ltd	India	Parent company	Foreign enterprises

### 2. Related parties without control relationship

Name of company		Relationship	
	Suzlon Energy Australia Pty Ltd	Under the control of the parent company	

### 3. Related parties transaction

Provision of labor services to related parties:

Name of related party	Amount of purchase		Pricing policy or method
Suzion Energy Ltd	2,599,812.17	2,850,371.05	Negotiated prices
Suzlon Energy Australia Pty Ltd	13,683.70	27,409.61	Negotiated prices

### 4. Accounts receivable from the related parties

Item	Related party	Year end	Year beginning
Accounts receivable	Suzlon Energy Ltd	1,966,607.55	1,747,721.50

### VII Approval to the Financial Statements

The 2022 financial statements were approved by the GM office of the Company on March 26, 2023.

Suzlon Wind Energy Equipment Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

March 26, 2023

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有限公司 梅律会计师事务 中如梅鞋会计师 5 章 验 2责经公司(自然人 上海口 有限 称 型

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审查企业会计报表,出具审计报告,验证企业资本,出具验资报告,办理企业合并、分立、清算事宜中的审计业务,出具有关报告,基本建设年度财务决算审计,代理记帐,会计咨询、税务咨询、管理咨询、会计培训,法律、法规规定的其他业务,建设工程监理服务,造价咨询、招标代理、检测、审图。【依法须经批准的项目,经相关部门批准后方可开展经营活动】 # 招 咖

人民币100.0000万元整 ¥ 怒 串 出

2007年08月06 强 Ш 17 张

2050年08月05日 KH 2007年08月06日 限 辑 늵 ⑩

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2021

市场主体应当于每年1月1日至6月30日通过国家企业信用信息公示系统报送公示年度报告。

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